

2012 春 統計

$$(1) W = N! u = \frac{N!}{(N-u)! u!}$$

$$(2) G = k_B \log \frac{N!}{(N-u)! u!}$$

$$(3) S = k_B [ N \log N - (N-u) \log(N-u) - u \log u + u ]$$
$$= k_B [ N \log N - u \log u - (N-u) \log(N-u) ]$$

$$(4) \frac{1}{T} = \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial E} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial E} = \frac{\partial S}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial E}$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial u} = k_B [ -\log u - 1 + \log(N-u) - (N-u) \frac{1}{(N-u)} \times -1 ]$$
$$= k_B \log \frac{N-u}{u}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial E} = \frac{1}{E}$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial E} = \frac{1}{E} \cdot k_B \log \frac{N-u}{u} = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\log \frac{N-u}{u} = \frac{E}{k_B T}$$

$$\frac{N-u}{u} = e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}}$$

$$N-u = u e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}} \quad u(1 + e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}}) = N$$

$$u = \frac{N}{1 + e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}}}$$

$$\frac{u}{N} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}}}$$

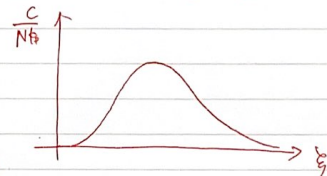
$$(5) E = u \epsilon$$

$$= \frac{\epsilon N}{1 + e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}}}$$

$$C = \frac{\partial E}{\partial T} = \epsilon N (1 + e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}})^{-1} = -\epsilon N (1 + e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}})^{-2} \cdot -\frac{E}{k_B T^2} e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}}$$
$$= \frac{\epsilon^2 N}{k_B T^2} \frac{e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}}}{(1 + e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}})^2}$$

$$\lim_{T \rightarrow 0} C = 0$$

2 次元系は 3 次元系 - 型 比較 できる。



$$\frac{C}{Nk_B} = \frac{1}{5^2} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{5}}}{(1 + e^{\frac{1}{5}})^2} \quad \left( \because \frac{E}{k_B T} = \frac{1}{5} \right)$$